#85-865 • 16mm FL • f/1.8 PRIMARY WD: 100 - 500mm

OurTECHSPEC® High Resolution 5 Megapixel Fixed Focal Length Lenses are available in multiple focal lengths and feature multiple versions to optimize for different working distance ranges. Perfect for use on high-end 5 megapixel sensors that require 145 lp/mm resolution, these lenses offer an attractive price-to-performance ratio. All lenses feature locking focus and iris rings and a front filter thread to allow the use of standard optical filters, for increased versatility.



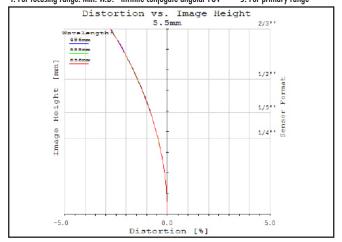
Focal Length:	16mm			
Minimum Working Distance ¹ :	100mm			
Focus Range¹:	100mm - ∞			
Primary Working Distance Range:	100 - 500mm			
Length at Near Focus:	43.54mm			
Length at Far Focus:	41.17mm			
Filter Thread:	M25.5 x 0.5			
Maximum Rear Protrusion:	0.46mm			
Camera Mount:	C-Mount			

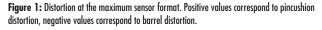
Maximum Sensor Format:	2/3"				
Aperture (f/#) (lockable):	f/1.8 - f/16				
Magnification Range:	0X - 0.077X				
Distortion ² :	<3%				
Object Space NA ² :	0.008				
Number of Elements (Groups):	9 (7)				
AR Coating:	425 - 675nm BBAR				
Weight:	120g				

Sensor Size	1/4"	1/3"	1/2.5"	1/2"	1/1.8"	2/3"	Sony ⅔"	1"
Field of View ^{3, 4}	24.3mm - 12.83°	32.5mm - 17.09°	38.6mm - 20.28°	43.5mm - 22.76°	49.0mm - 25.58°	60.3mm - 29.96°	57.8mm - 31.21°	N/A
Field of View ^{3, 5}	24.3 - 114.3mm	32.5 - 152.7mm	38.6 - 181.8mm	43.5 - 204.5mm	49.0 - 230.7mm	60.3 - 283.8mm	57.8 - 571.9mm	N/A

1. From front of housing 2. At 500mm W.D. 3. Horizontal FOV on standard 4:3 sensor format 4. For focusing range: Min. W.D. - infinite conjugate angular FOV 5. For primary range

Specifications subject to change





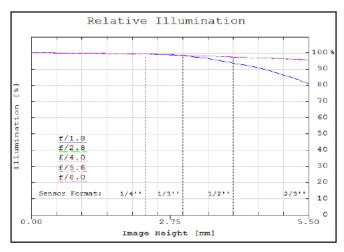


Figure 2: Relative illumination (center to corner)

In both plots, field points corresponding to the image circle of common sensor formats are included. Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.



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MTF & DOF: f/2.8 WD: 150mm

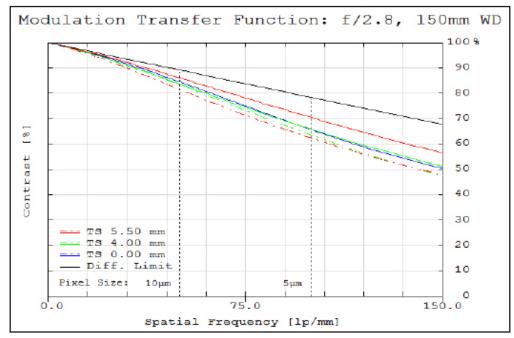


Figure 3: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for λ = 486nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

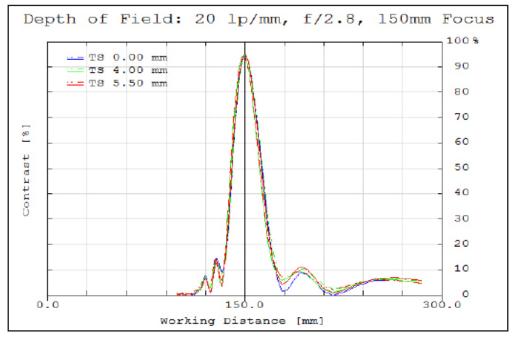


Figure 4: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



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MTF & DOF: f/2.8

WD: 500mm

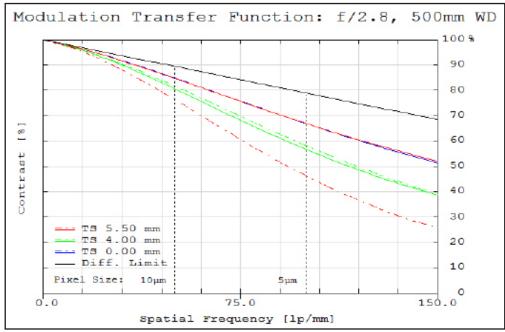


Figure 5: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

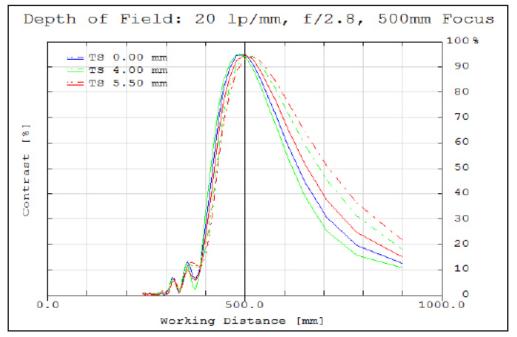


Figure 6: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



#85-865 • 16mm FL • f/1.8 PRIMARY WD: 100 - 500mm

MTF & DOF: f/4.0 WD: 150mm

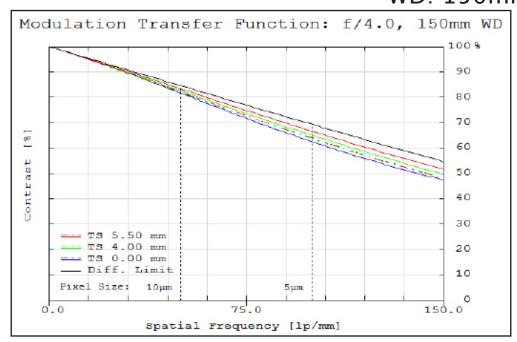


Figure 7: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

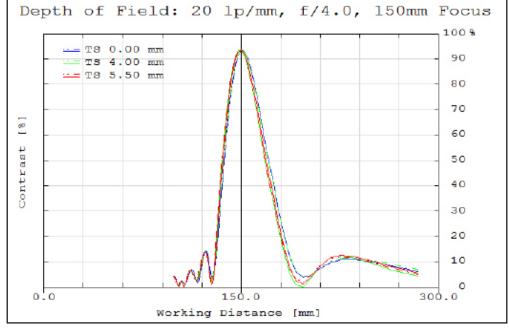


Figure 8: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.



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MTF & DOF: f/4.0

WD: 500mm

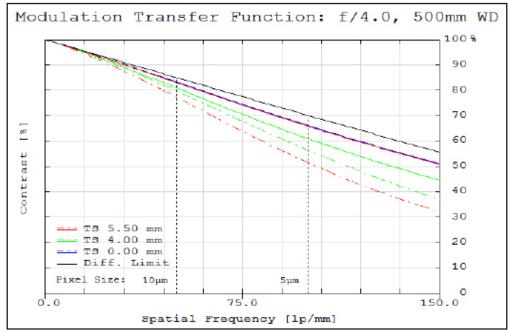


Figure 9: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for $\lambda = 486$ nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

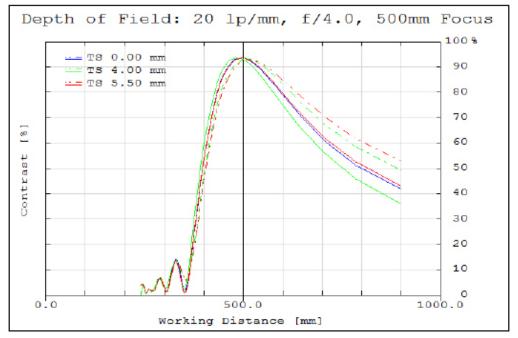


Figure 10: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). Contrast is plotted to two times the focus distance. Note object spatial frequency changes with working distance.

